

AP 10854

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-11 and add the attached new claims 12-23.

REMARKS

Prior to a formal examination of the above-identified application, acceptance of the new claims and the enclosed substitute specification (under 37 CFR 1.125) is respectfully requested. It is believed that the substitute specification and the new claims will facilitate processing of the application in accordance with M.P.E.P. 608.01(q). The substitute specification and the new claims are in compliance with 37 CFR 1.52 (a and b) and, while making no substantive changes, are submitted to conform this case to the formal requirements and long-established formal standards of U.S. Patent Office practice, and to provide improved idiom and better grammatical form.

The enclosed substitute specification is presented herein in both marked-up and clean versions.

STATEMENT

The undersigned, an agent registered to practice before the Office, hereby states that the enclosed substitute specification includes the same changes as are indicated in the marked-up copy of the original specification. It does not contain new subject matter.

Respectfully submitted,



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SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION: MARKED COPY

TRANSMISSION LOCK AND SUPERPOSITION STEERING SYSTEM COMPRISING A
TRANSMISSION LOCK

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a transmission lock for a superposition steering system of a motor vehicle, for locking a rotatable transmission element associated with the transmission or interacting with the transmission with respect to its rotational movement.

[0002] The invention likewise relates to a superposition steering system comprising a superposition transmission with a first input for actuation by the driver with the aid of a steering handle, a second input for a superposition actuator, and an exit to the steering transmission of the steering system, by means of which superposition transmission (depending on the driving situation) an output angle and, thus, a wheel angle of the steerable vehicle wheels is adjusted via both inputs, and comprising a locking unit by means of which the second input for the superposition actuator is locked in the event of system failure, and steerability of the vehicle by the driver is maintained.

[0003] An additional steering angle can be superposed on the driver's steering angle in a superposition steering system. The result is that free allocation of the steering wheel position and the steer angle is possible. This free allocation is executed e.g.

by way of an electromechanical actuator, which is composed of a superposition transmission, a motor, and suitable sensors.

[0004] When the system for the superposition function is disabled in the event of a fault, the superposition transmission must be locked in such a fashion that a normal steering function is still possible. Additional locking is required for this system condition.

[0005] An object of the invention involves disclosing a locking mechanism, which is appropriate for a superposition steering system.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] This object is achieved by a transmission lock for a superposition steering system of a motor vehicle, for locking a rotatable transmission element associated with the transmission or interacting with the transmission with respect to its rotational movement, characterized in that a clamping element is used to positively lock, by way of a contour of an inner peripheral surface (inner contour) of an outer ring (2) and a contour of an outer peripheral surface (outer contour) of an inner ring (4), the inner ring (4) with the outer ring (2) in opposition to an elastic force, and that the clamping roller (7) is retained in an activation cage (5) that can be locked by way of an actuatable locking member. The object is also achieved by a superposition steering system including a superposition transmission with a first input for actuation by the driver with the aid of a steering handle, a second input for a superposition actuator, and an exit to the steering transmission of the steering system, by means of which superposition transmission (depending on the driving situation) an output angle and, thus, a wheel angle of the

steerable vehicle wheels is adjusted via both inputs, and
comprising a locking unit by means of which the second input for
the superposition actuator is locked in the event of system
failure, and steerability of the vehicle by the driver is
maintained. ~~using the features of the independent patent claims.~~
~~Dependent claims are directed to preferred embodiments of the~~
~~invention.~~

[0007] Accordingly, it is essential to the invention that a clamping element, especially a clamping roller, is used to positively lock, by way of a contour of an inner peripheral surface (inner contour) of an outer ring and a contour of an outer peripheral surface (outer contour) of an inner ring, the inner ring with the outer ring in opposition to an elastic force, and that the clamping roller is retained in an activation cage that can be locked by way of an actuatable locking member.

[0008] According to the invention, the clamping element, in the locked position, is urged via a double ramp of the outer ring in opposition to an elastic force, preferably against an elastic force of a lock washer, into a ramp of an inner ring, while the clamping element, in the unlocked position, is urged by an elastic force, preferably the elastic force of a locking washer, into a dome of the double ramp of the outer ring, and the clamping element is spaced from the ramps of the inner ring in the unlocked position.

[0009] According to the invention, the activation cage is operatively connected to an activation disc, engaging into the accommodation of which is a locking member part associated with the locking member in a locking position, while it is withdrawn from the accommodation in an unlocked position.

[0010] According to the invention, the locking member or the locking member part associated with the locking member is pivoted essentially in parallel to the course of the longitudinal axis of the activation cage.

[0011] According to the invention, the locking member includes at least one hinged swivel arm, said swivel arm including at least one engagement part engaging into the accommodation at least in part in order to bring about locking of the transmission.

[0012] It is provided by the invention that the accommodation associated with the rotatable transmission element is an axial toothing interacting with the rotatable transmission element and, that the engagement part includes at least one engaging tooth, which gears into the axial toothing at least in part in order to bring about locking of the transmission.

[0013] It is provided by the invention that the operable locking member can be actuated by way of an electromagnet and locks the transmission in the deenergized condition of the electromagnet.

[0014] The invention designates that the activation cage is centered between the inner ring and the outer ring by way of an elastic means, preferably compression springs.

[0015] The invention designates that the elastic means centering the activation cage is used to lock the transmission torque-responsively, because in the event of a torque of the transmission which is higher than a biasing moment of the elastic means, in particular depending on the direction of rotation, the clamping elements will positively lock the inner ring with the outer ring

in opposition to the elastic force by way of the contour of the inner peripheral surface of the outer ring and the contour of the outer peripheral surface of the inner ring.

[0016] According to the invention, a lock washer is used as a means to generate the elastic force, said lock washer having at least one angled-off portion similar to a torsion spring, which comes into abutment in a groove of the activation cage, for the purpose of positioning and avoiding a radial movement of the lock washer in the activation cage.

[0017] The above object is also achieved by a superposition steering system comprising a superposition transmission with a first input for actuation by the driver with the aid of a steering handle, a second input for a superposition actuator, and an exit to the steering transmission of the steering system, by means of which superposition transmission (depending on the driving situation) an output angle and, thus, a wheel angle of the steerable vehicle wheels is adjusted via both inputs, and comprising a locking unit by means of which the second input for the superposition actuator is locked in the event of system failure, and steerability of the vehicle by the driver is maintained, being characterized in that a transmission lock according to the invention is provided as a locking unit.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0018] The invention is now explained in detail as an example by way of an embodiment and by illustrations (Figure 1a to Figure 2c):

[0019] Figure 1a shows a cross-section taken through a transmission lock of a superposition steering system of the invention in the inactive, unlocked condition;

[0020] Figure 1b is a first perspective view of the transmission lock in the inactive unlocked condition;

[0021] Figure 1c is a second perspective view of the transmission lock in the inactive unlocked condition;

[0022] Figure 2a shows a cross-section through a transmission lock of a superposition steering system in the inactive locked condition;

[0023] Figure 2b is a first perspective view of the transmission lock in the inactive locked condition;

[0024] Figure 2c is a second perspective view of the transmission lock in the inactive locked condition.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0025] The transmission lock shown in the drawings is used to lock a superposition transmission of a superposition steering system of a motor vehicle.

[0026] The superposition transmission is a gear unit with two inputs: a first input for actuation by a driver with the aid of a steering handle, in particular a steering wheel, and a second input for a superposition actuator, in particular an electric motor (E-motor). The gear unit has an output to the steering gear of the steering system.

[0027] When the system is activated, depending on the driving situation, an output angle and, thus, a wheel angle of the steerable vehicle wheels are adjusted via both inputs. In the event of system failure, the second input (E-motor) is locked in order to preserve steerability of the vehicle for the driver. This locking of the transmission is preferably carried out by way of a cutout blade, which is engaged in a locking disc of the locking mechanism in a biased manner. A cage of the superposition transmission is blocked as a result of the locking engagement. The steering 'griphrough', i.e. a direct steering actuation possibility for the driver is maintained this way.

[0028] In the transmission lock illustrated in Figures 1a to 1c, the superposition transmission is not locked, i.e. the transmission lock is 'inactive'.

[0029] The inner ring (4) is connected to the housing by way of form lock (4c). The clamping elements (7) are urged by a lock washer (12) into the dome of a double ramp (2a) of an outer ring (2), and contact of the clamping elements (7) with calotte (4a) of an inner ring (4) is thus avoided. The unit can freely rotate in both directions of rotation.

[0030] An activation cage (5) is centered by way of compression springs (11) which additionally serve for a torque-responsive connection, i.e. locking of the unit. The compression springs (11) are supported on the cage (5) and in spring-accommodating pockets (1a) of a plastic pulley (1) (plastic belt) which is operatively connected to a superposition motor.

[0031] The plastic pulley (1) is positively connected to the outer ring (2) for torque transmission. The bias of the

compression springs (11) is chosen such that torque transmission in a nominal range takes place from the plastic pulley via the outer ring (2) into the power take-off, i.e. an entrainment means (3), to a superposition transmission. This corresponds to driving by means of a secondary gear, e.g. by way of a toothed belt, and an E-motor as a superposition motor, meaning to the intervention into the superposition transmission, preferably a planetary gear.

[0032] In this (active) operating condition, an electromagnet (9) is energized and, in opposition to actuating springs (10c), draws an engaging tooth (10a) of an activation disc (10) out of engagement from an activation lock disc (6) of the locking unit.

[0033] The inclined and radial forces are accommodated and the unit is centered by way of a four-point ball bearing (8). This bearing is expediently arranged below the belt guide.

[0034] Figures 2a to 2c illustrate the situation when a system fault such as current failure occurs. The transmission lock is 'active' in this case, i.e. the superposition transmission is locked.

[0035] The E-magnet (9) is de-energized in this case and releases the activation disc (10). Assisted by actuating springs (10c), tooth (10a) drops into the activation disc (6) of the locking unit and thereby arrests the activation cage (5).

[0036] When a moment, which is higher than the biasing moment of the compression springs (11), is introduced from the (planetary) gear side via the entrainment disc (3), the clamping rollers (7), depending on the direction of rotation, are urged by way of the ramp (2a) of the outer ring (2) against the lock washer (12) into

the calottes (4a) of the inner ring (4). As this occurs, the lock washer (12) disappears in a spring groove (4b) of the inner ring (4). Thus, the system is positively locked.

[0037] To prevent the lock washer (12) from moving, the lock washer (12) has two angled-off portions similar to a torsion spring. The angled-off portions are placed in a groove of the activation cage (5) and position the spring (12) in a well-defined manner. The length of the springs is dimensioned in such a way that they will not move out of the cage (5) during the actuation and the change in diameter that occurs then.

[0038] When the system is energized again, the unit will resume its basic function due to the centering springs (11), as has been described hereinabove.

List of Reference Numerals:

- 1 plastic pulley with belt guide
- 1a spring-accommodating pockets
- 2 outer ring
- 2a double ramp with controlling function
- 3 entrainment means/interface with planetary gear
- 3a slot seal
- 4 inner ring
- 4a calotte
- 4b spring immersion groove
- 4c form lock to housing seat
- 5 activation cage
- 5a cage pocket
- 5b spring-positioning lug
- 6 activation locking disc
- 6a axial toothing
- 7 clamping element
- 7a spring-retaining groove
- 8 four-point ball bearing
- 9 E-magnet
- 10 activation disc
- 10a engaging tooth
- 10b point of rotation
- 10c activation spring
- 11 compression spring for the torque-responsive activation
- 12 lock washer

ABSTRACT÷

Disclosed is a transmission lock for a superposition steering system of a motor vehicle. The transmission lock is for locking a rotatable transmission element associated with the transmission or interacting with the transmission with respect to its rotational movement. A clamping element, such as a clamping roller, is used to positively lock, by way of a contour of an inner peripheral surface of an outer ring and a contour of an outer peripheral surface of an inner ring, the inner ring with the outer ring in opposition to an elastic force, and that the clamping roller is retained in an activation cage that can be locked by way of an actuatable locking member.

~~Transmission Lock and Superposition Steering System Comprising a Transmission Lock~~

~~In a transmission lock for a superposition steering system of a motor vehicle, for locking a rotatable transmission element associated with the transmission or interacting with the transmission with respect to its rotational movement, it is arranged that a clamping element, in particular a clamping roller, is used to positively lock, by way of a contour of an inner peripheral surface (inner contour) of an outer ring and a contour of an outer peripheral surface (outer contour) of an inner ring, the inner ring with the outer ring in opposition to an elastic force, and that the clamping roller is retained in an activation cage that can be locked by way of an actuatable locking member.~~

~~(Figure 1a)~~